

Name of the Student: _____

Max. Marks : 24 Marks

Time : 24 Minutes

Mark Schemes

Q1.

(a) 111(.1)

Allow an answer to a finite number of sig figs (that is correctly rounded)

Allow 110

Do not allow answers with recurring dot above number (ignore dots after the final number)

1

(b) temperature

1

(c) Measure the temperature at the start and end of the reaction and find the mean/average

Measure the temperature at regular intervals during the reaction and find the mean/average

Allow idea of doing the reaction in a water bath

1

(d) **M1** suitable vertical scale

***M1** should use more than half the axis to cover the four points given and the point for 67°C (if plotted)*

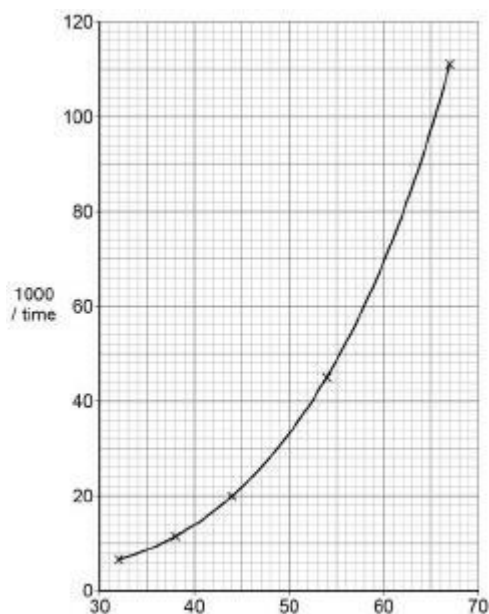
1

M2 points plotted correctly ($\pm\frac{1}{2}$ small square per point)

***M2** allow ECF for plotting of point found in part (a) (if no value found in part (a) allow graph that omits this)*

1

M3 best fit line drawn (within one small square of each point and should be a smooth curve)



M3 allow ECF for a line based on their plotted points, but only where the line continues to rise throughout the temperature range

1

(e)
$$\text{Time} = \frac{1000}{\text{value from graph at } 60^\circ\text{C}}$$

Answers should be at least 2 sf

Working needs to be shown that includes a value from the graph at 60 °C and/or construction line(s) showing 1000/t at 60 °C on the graph

Use the value their line shows at 60 °C ($\pm\frac{1}{2}$ small square)

1

(f) **M1** many more particles/ions have (energy $\geq$) activation energy

M1 need the idea that it is many / much more particles; allow reference to atoms / molecules instead of particles / ions

1

M2 more successful collisions per unit time / greater frequency of successful collisions

M2 allow higher proportion of the collisions are successful

1

[9]

Q2.

- (a) **M1** Higher/est concentration of / more H_2O_2 / particles / molecules / reactants

1

M2 More frequent successful collisions

1

Alternative approach

M1 Lower/est concentration of / fewer particles / molecules / reactants as time goes on

M2 Less frequent successful collisions (look for both ideas even if separated)

Ignore 'chance' / 'probability'

- (b) **M1** Suitable tangent drawn

M1 Tangent must be drawn with ruler and touch line at 0.05 mol dm^{-3} (± 1 square) and not cross the curve (if white seen between lines it crosses)

1

M2 -0.00120 to -0.00155 ($\text{mol dm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$)

M2 Ignore units

Allow ecf from unsuitable tangent i.e if M1 not awarded

Ignore sign of gradient

1

- (c) **M1** $[\text{H}_2\text{O}_2]_{\text{initial}} = 0.083 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$

Allow $0.082 - 0.084$

1

M2 $[\text{H}_2\text{O}_2]_t = 0.0664$ (mol dm^{-3})

Allow $0.0656 - 0.0672$ (scores 2/2)

2SF minimum

Allow ecf from **M1** ($M2 = M1 \times 0.8$)

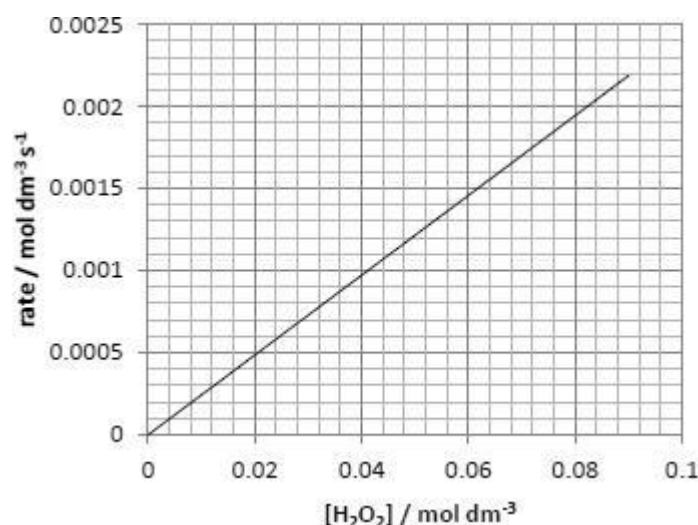
1

- (d) **M1** Points plotted

M1 allow each point ($\pm 1/2$ square)

1

M2 best fit straight line drawn



M2 line should be drawn with a ruler and cover the five points given

going within 1 square of each point, no doubles no kinks. The line does not need to be extended to the origin

Allow reasonable best fit line if points plotted incorrectly

1

(e) **M1** 1st order

1

M2 straight line graph through the origin

Ignore rate is (directly) proportional to $[H_2O_2]$

Allow constant gradient line through the origin

Allow use of data from line to show e.g. $\times 2$ conc = $\times 2$ rate

Allow if M1 missing

Not if M1 wrong

1

[10]

Q3.

- (a) Number of molecules (with a particular energy)
Ignore particles / atoms
Allow amount or fraction or proportion for number 1
- (b) There are no molecules with no energy
All molecules / particles have some energy
Allow particles / atoms 1
- (c) Most probable / common / modal energy 1
- (d) **M1** Peak should be at same energy (i.e. in line with X)
***M1** and **M2** marked independently* 1
- M2** Overall area should be half the original area; after diverging from the origin, the second line should not touch the first line
***M2** area should be about half of the original* 1

[5]