Practice Question Set For GCSE
Subject : Physics
Paper-2 Topic: GCSE Triple Science_Forces (Low Demand Questions)

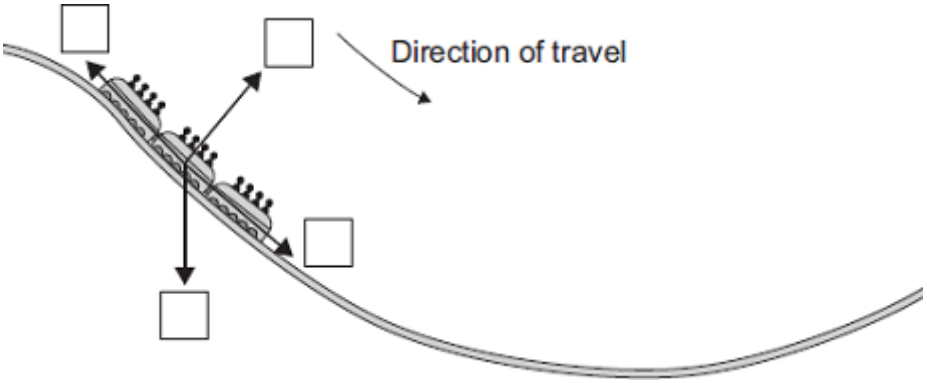
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Name of the Student:_____
Max. Marks : 18 Marks **Time : 18 Minutes**

Q1.

The diagram shows the passenger train on part of a rollercoaster ride.

(a) Which arrow shows the direction of the resultant force acting on the passenger train?
Put a tick (✓) in the box next to your choice.



(1)

(b) For part of the ride, the maximum gravitational field strength acting on the passengers seems 3 times bigger than normal.

Normal gravitational field strength = 10 N/kg

(i) Calculate the maximum gravitational field strength that seems to act on the passengers during the ride.

_____

_____

Maximum gravitational field strength = _____ N/kg

(1)

(ii) One of the passengers has a mass of 75 kg.

Calculate the maximum weight this passenger seems to have during the ride.

Show clearly how you work out your answer.

_____

_____

Maximum weight = _____ N

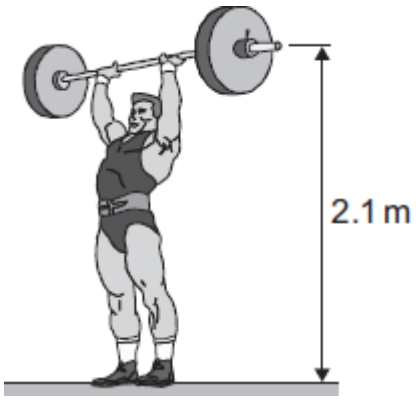
(2)

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(Total 4 marks)

Q2.

A powerlifter lifts a 180 kg bar from the floor to above his head.



(a) Use the equation in the box to calculate the weight of the bar.

weight = mass × gravitational field strength

gravitational field strength = 10 N/kg

Show clearly how you work out your answer.

_____

_____

Weight = _____ N

(2)

(b) The powerlifter uses a constant force to lift the bar a distance of 2.1 m.

Use the equation in the box to calculate the work done by the powerlifter.

work done = force applied × distance moved in direction of force

Show clearly how you work out your answer and give the unit.

Choose the unit from the list below.

joule **newton** **watt**

_____

_____

Work done = _____

(3)

(c) At the end of the lift, the powerlifter holds the bar stationary, above his head, for two seconds.

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How much work does the powerlifter do on the bar during these two seconds?

Draw a ring around your answer.

0 **90** **360** **900**

Give a reason for your answer.

_____

_____

(2)

(Total 7 marks)

Q3.

(a) The diagrams, **A**, **B** and **C**, show the horizontal forces acting on a **moving** car.

Draw a line to link each diagram to the description of the car's motion at the moment when the forces act.

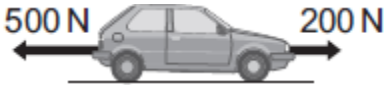
Draw only **three** lines.



A



B



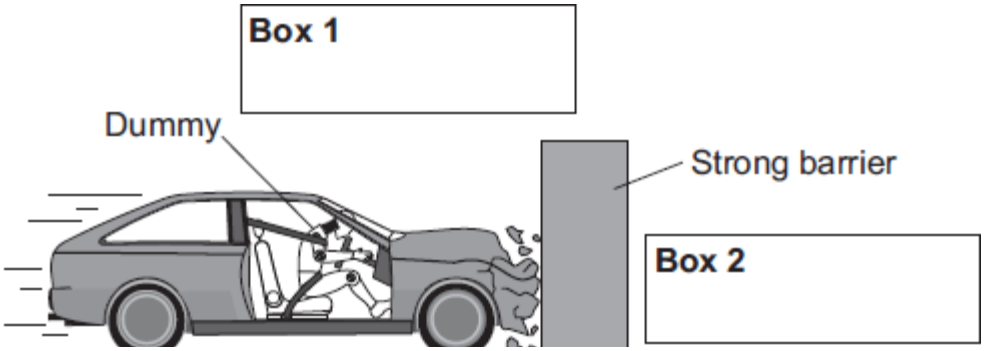
C

stationary
constant speed
slowing down
accelerating forwards

(3)

(b) The front crumple zone of a car is tested at a road traffic laboratory. This is done by using a remote control device to drive the car into a strong barrier. Electronic sensors are attached to a dummy inside the car.

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(i) Draw an arrow in **Box 1** to show the direction of the force that the car exerts on the barrier.

(1)

(ii) Draw an arrow in **Box 2** to show the direction of the force that the barrier exerts on the car.

(1)

(iii) Complete the following by drawing a ring around the correct line in the box.

The car exerts a force of 5000 N on the barrier. The barrier does not move.

The force exerted by the barrier on the car will be

more than
equal to
less than

5000 N.

(1)

(iv) Which **one** of the following gives the most likely reason for attaching electronic sensors to the dummy?

Put a tick (✓) in the box next to your answer.

To measure the speed of the car just before the impact. ☐

To measure the forces exerted on the dummy during the impact. ☐

To measure the distance the car travels during the impact. ☐

(1)

(Total 7 marks)

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