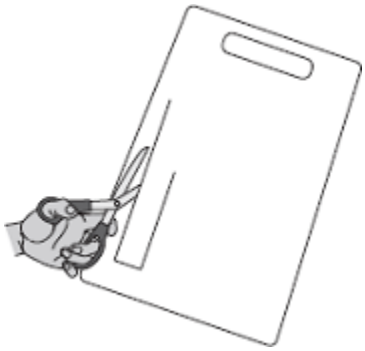
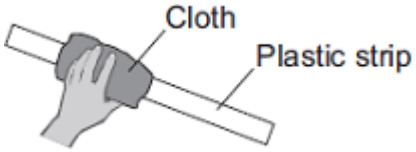
Name of the Student:_____
Max. Marks : 17 Marks **Time : 17 Minutes**

Q1.

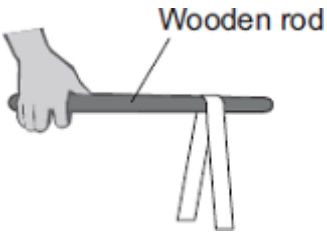
(a) A student uses some everyday items to investigate static electricity.



1 A strip of plastic is cut from a plastic carrier bag



2 The plastic strip is rubbed with a cloth



3 The plastic strip is hung over a wooden rod

(i) Draw a ring around the correct answer in the box to complete each sentence.

Rubbing the plastic strip with a cloth causes the strip to become negatively charged.

This happens because

electrons
neutrons
protons

move from the cloth onto the plastic strip.

The cloth is left with

a negative
a positive
zero

charge.

(2)

(ii) When the plastic strip is hung over the wooden rod, the two halves of the strip move equally away from each other.

What **two** conclusions should the student make about the forces acting on the two halves of the plastic strip?

1. _____

_____

2. _____

_____

(2)

(b) Electrical charges move more easily through some materials than through other materials.

Through which **one** of the following materials would an electrical charge move most easily?

Draw a ring around your answer.

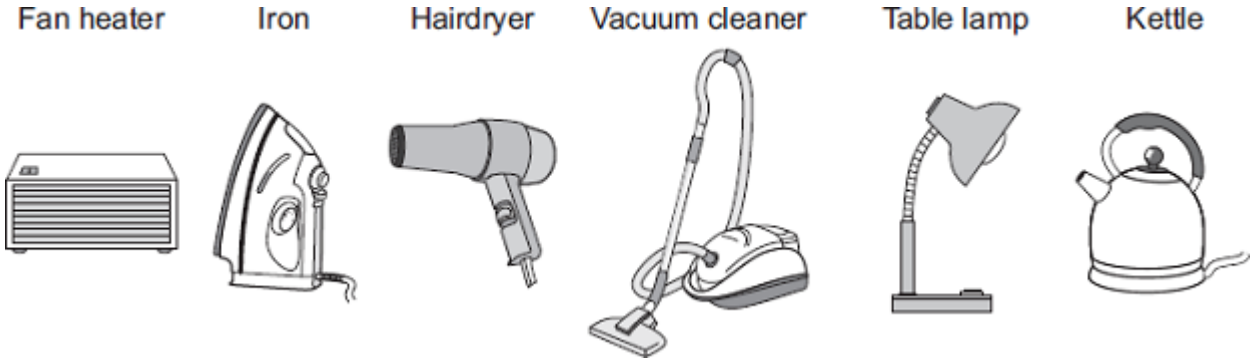
aluminium **glass** **rubber**

(1)

(Total 5 marks)

Q2.

The pictures show six different household appliances.



(a) Four of the appliances, including the fan heater, are designed to transform electrical energy into heat.

Name the other **three** appliances designed to transform electrical energy into heat.

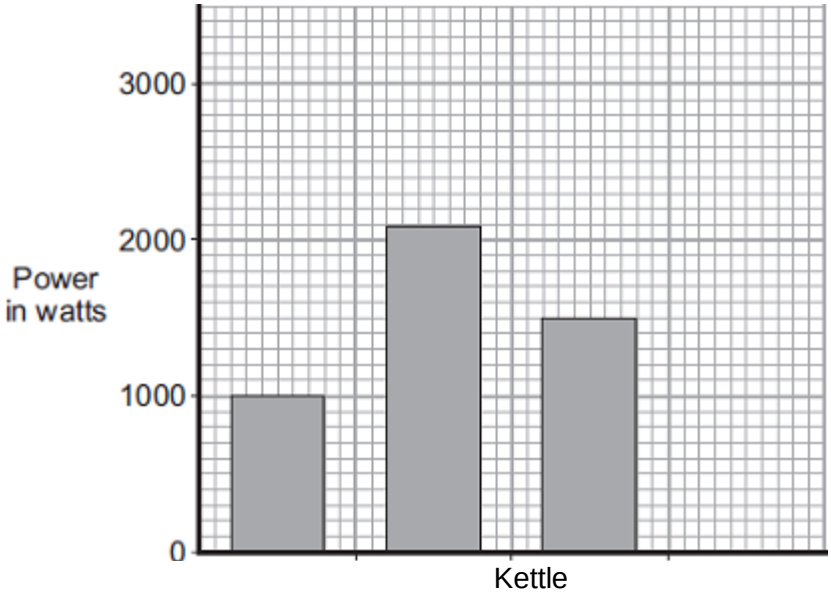
1. _____

2. _____

3 _____

(3)

(b) The bar chart shows the power of three electric kettles, **X**, **Y** and **Z**.



(i) In one week, each kettle is used for a total of 30 minutes.

Which kettle costs the most to use?

Put a tick (✓) next to your answer.

X ☐

Y ☐

Z ☐

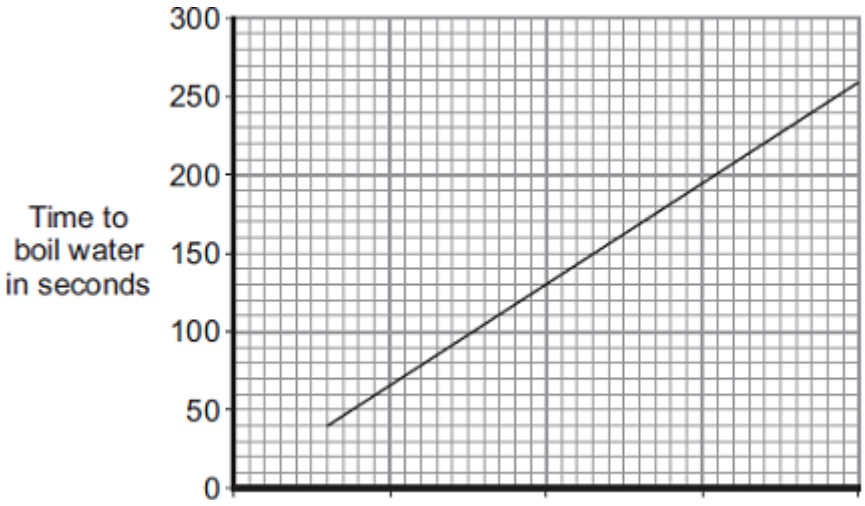
(1)

(ii) A new 'express boil' kettle boils water faster than any other kettle.

Draw a fourth bar on the chart to show the possible power of an 'express boil' kettle.

(1)

(c) The graph shows how the time to boil water in an electric kettle depends on the volume of water in the kettle.



A householder always fills the electric kettle to the top, even when only enough boiling water for one small cup of coffee is wanted.

Explain how the householder is wasting money.

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

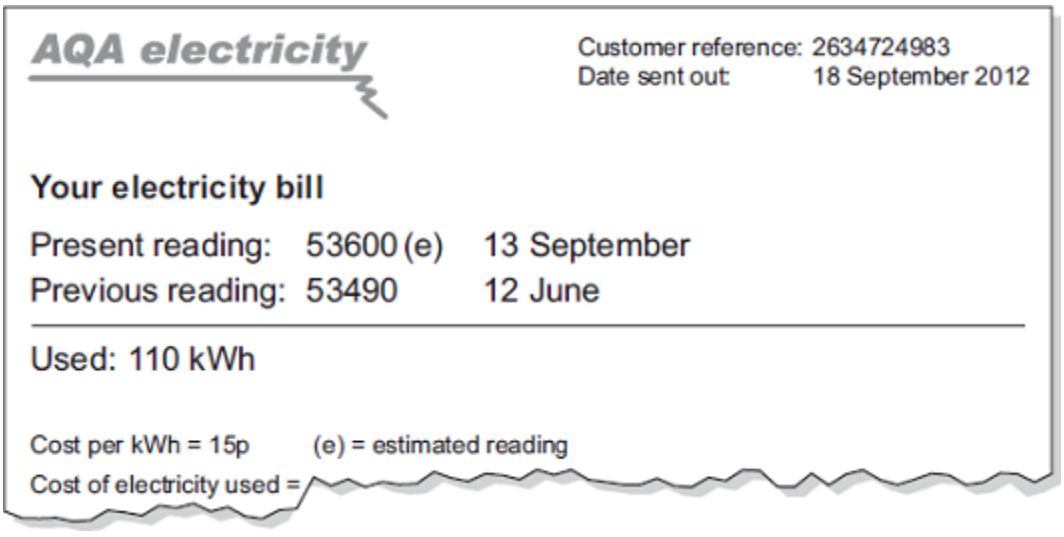
_____

(3)

(Total 8 marks)

Q3.

A householder was out shopping when her electricity meter reading should have been taken. The electricity company estimated the reading and sent the following bill. Unfortunately, the bill was damaged in the post.



(a) Use the equation in the box to calculate the cost of the electricity used between 12 June and 13 September.

total cost = number of kilowatt-hours x cost per kilowatt-hour

Show clearly how you work out your answer.

_____

_____

Total cost = _____

(2)

(b) The estimated reading shown on the bill was not very accurate. The correct reading was 53782.

How many kilowatt-hours of electricity had the householder actually used between 12 June and 13 September?

_____

_____

(2)

(Total 4 marks)